Research Council of Alberta.—The Province of Alberta set up a Scientific and Industrial Research Council in 1921, the promotion of mineral development within the Province being the chief purpose leading to its establishment. The Council operates under an Act somewhat similar to that setting up the National Research Council and is financed by Provincial Government appropriations. The present program is directed to the application of basic and applied science toward the development of the natural resources of the Province. Investigations include studies on coal, the Athabasca oil sands, natural gas, geological research and surveys, soil surveys and irrigation research. The Council maintains a gasoline and oil testing laboratory and has a group of industrial engineers to provide scientific information to developing industry. The Council laboratories are located at the University of Alberta and include a new \$750,000 research laboratory and pilot plant which was provided by the Province of Alberta in 1955. The laboratories work in cooperation with the scientific departments of the University and the operations of the organization are controlled by a council of ten individuals representative of government. the University and industry. The various research projects are under the immediate supervision of advisory committees and the chairmen of these committees form the Technical Advisory Committee of the Council, the body responsible for the integration and operation of the scientific aspects of the program.

British Columbia Research Council.—The British Columbia Research Council, under the sponsorship of the B.C. Department of Trade and Industry, provides a scientific and engineering staff with laboratories at Vancouver, to help British Columbia industries solve their technical problems. Its objective is to enable even the smallest firms to make use of modern technical knowledge and research to improve their competitive position in Canadian and world markets. The Council provides three classes of service: (1) a free information service in collaboration with the National Research Council; (2) assistance to specific firms at cost where information cannot be supplied from existing knowledge; and (3) at the Council's expense, research on problems of general value to the industrial development of the Province.

The Ontario Research Foundation.—The Ontario Research Foundation was established in 1928, and is financed by an endowment fund composed of subscriptions from manufacturers, corporations, private individuals, and a grant from the Provincial Government on a dollar-for-dollar basis with the other contributions. The Foundation carries on research to assist agriculture and industry in developing the natural resources of the Province. A study has been made of the physiography and climate of southern Ontario and also of the parasites found in wildlife in this Province. Many investigations have been undertaken in the industrial field and the Foundation is well equipped to work in metallurgy, textiles, chemistry and biochemistry. The services of the Foundation are at the disposal of industry on a fee basis, and consultative services, testing, short trial studies and long term investigations have been undertaken for hundreds of firms. The work has resulted in better products and in more efficient processing. The Foundation administers a grant from the Provincial Government to support postgraduate scholarships and scientific research in the universities of Ontario.

The Banting Research Foundation.—The Banting Research Foundation supports the work of the Banting and Best Chair of Medical Research in the University of Toronto and aids medical research throughout Canada by making grants-in-aid to those who submit problems of sufficient medical interest to the Board of Trustees. The Board mets and makes grants generally three times a year, around June 1, Oct. 1 and Feb. 1. Five members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the Board of Governors of the University of Toronto and the Alumni Association of the University of Toronto, and these five members appoint two other Trustees, then the seven members appoint an eighth Trustee.